Chemical Functionalization of Plants as a Tool for the Production of Renewables Chemicals and Fuels

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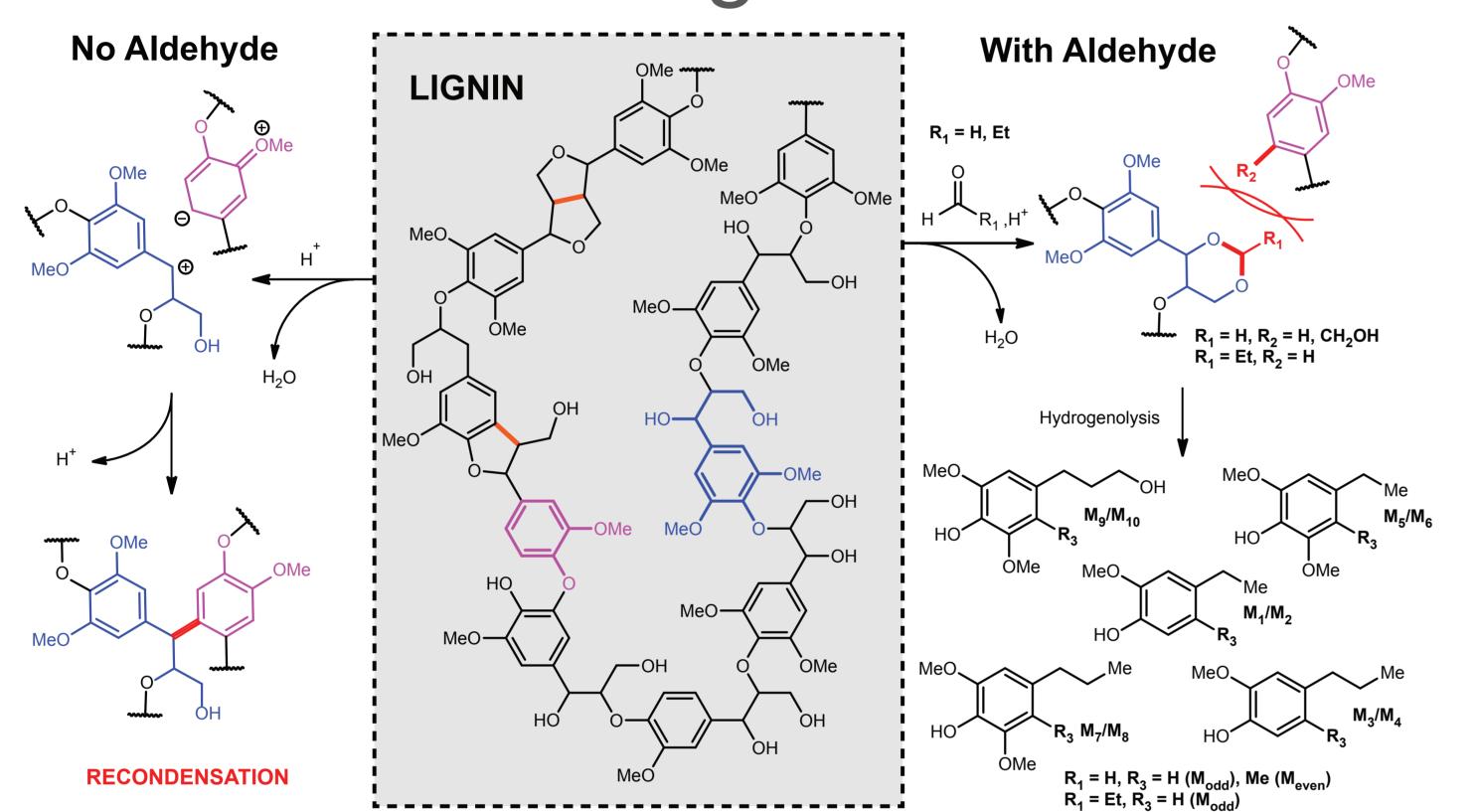
Development of a clean, economically competitive and widely available renewable energy- and carbon-source is required to supplant the current dependence of economies on unsustainable fossil resources

Agricultural- and forestry-residues arise as promising feedstocks, but the harsh conditions required to overcome their recalcitrance to hydrolysis impede their large-scale implementation

We demonstrate the application of protective chemistry during fractionation to prevent lignin recondensation and degradation products formation, paving the way to the full valorization of the lignocellulosic feedstocks

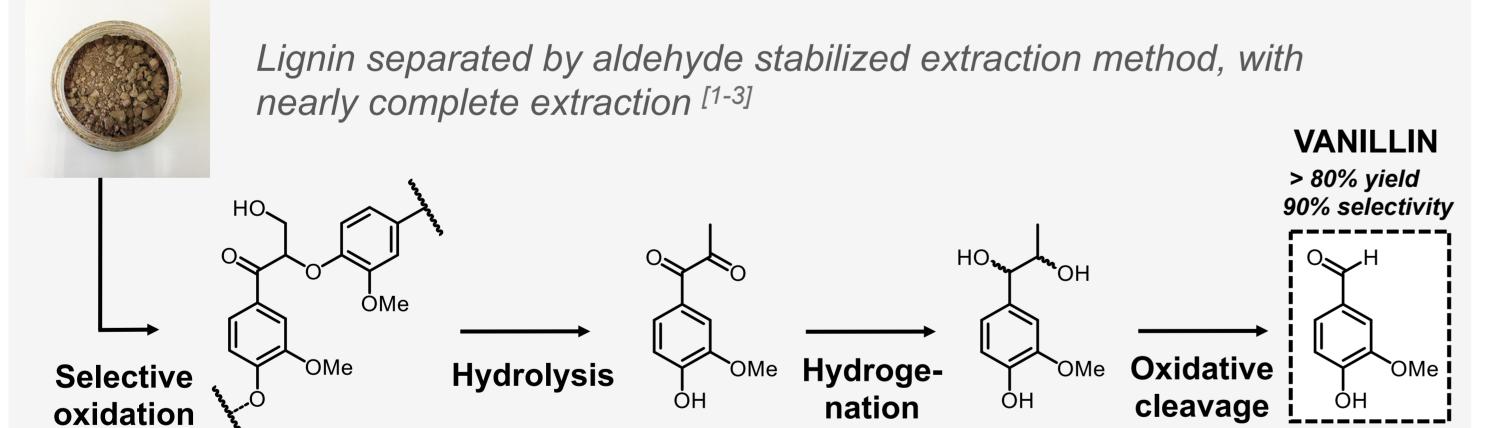


Aldehyde-assisted stabilization of lignin

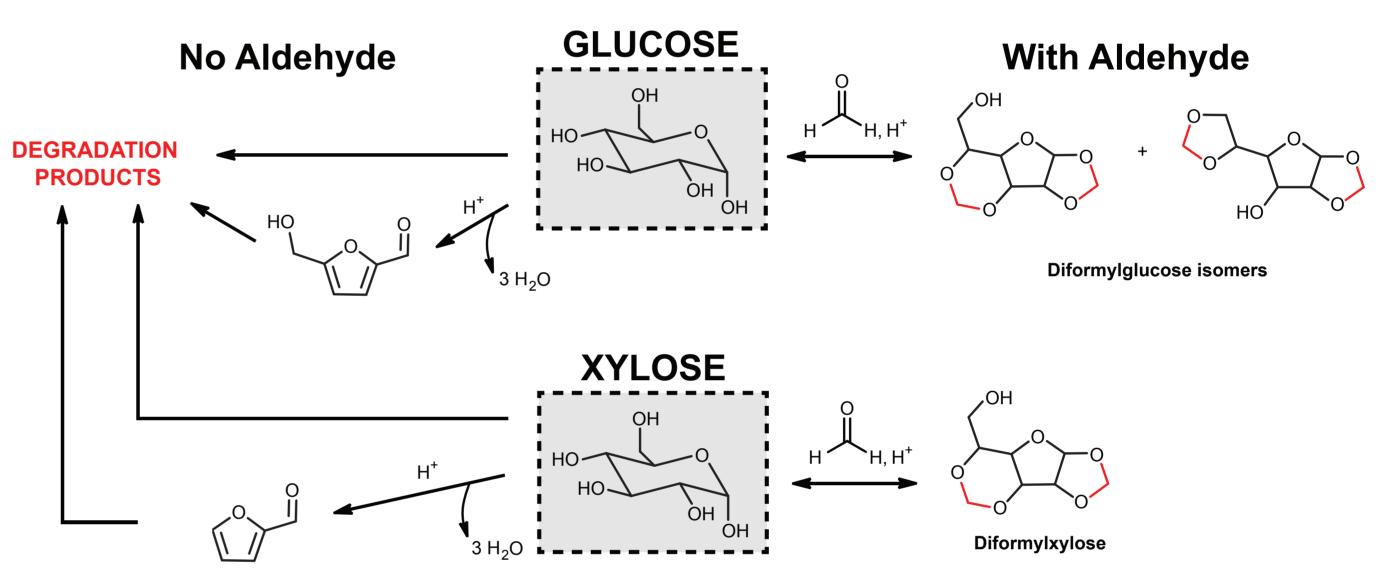


Catalytic depolymerisation to polymer close to theoretical yields

Example of Application: Production of Vanillin from Hardwood [4]

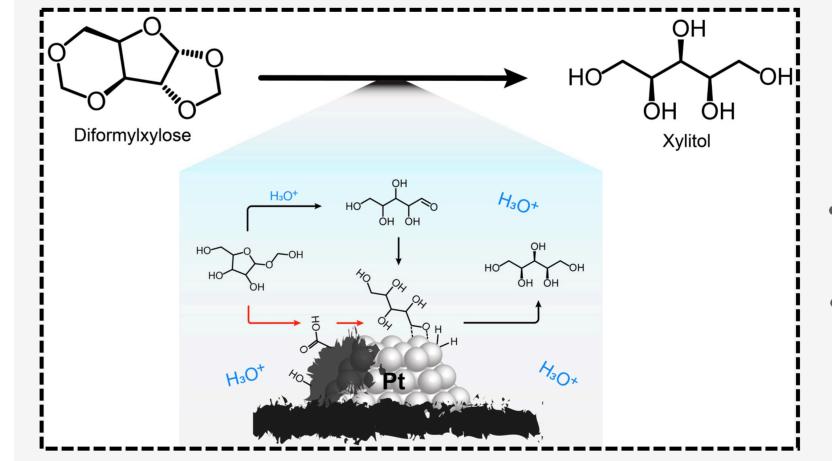


Aldehyde-assisted stabilization of carbohydrates



→ Up to 95% stabilization and recovery of xylose, compared to 16% xylose recovery without formaldehyde.

Example of Application: Production of Xylitol from Acetal-Stabilized Xylose [5]



- Easy diformylxylose purification (volatile)
- Tandem hydrolysis-hydrogenation
- 60-71% overall yield to xylitol from xylan

KEY RESULT

Lignocellulosic biomass can be fully fractionated with high recovery of both structural carbohydrates and stabilized lignin/lignin monomers through the use of protective aldehydes in the fractionation step. This not only lead to a wide pool of commonly used chemicals, but also expand the actual chemical space with the creation of novel upgrading pathways.



References

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Research supported by:











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[2] W. Lan, M. T. Amiri, C. M. Hunston, J. S. Luterbacher, Angew Chem Int Edit 2018, 57, 1356-1360.[3] M. T. Amiri, G. R. Dick, Y. M. Questell-Santiago, J. S. Luterbacher, Nat Protoc 2019, 14, 921-954.

[4] W. Lan, J. B. de Bueren, J. S. Luterbacher, Angew Chem Int Edit 2019, 58, 2649-2654.

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